

# Nutrition Coordination Mechanisms in Refugee Response Settings

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## **Session overview**

- Introduction of speakers and event overview
- Nutrition coordination in refugee settings
  - Background
  - What is the Refugee Coordination Model (RCM)?
  - Coordination in refugee settings (non HPC)
  - Coordination in refugee settings (HPC)
- Country example: **Uganda** (typical approach)
- Country example: **Bangladesh** (atypical approach)

Session Title: Nutrition Coordination in Refugee Response Settings Date: 23.06.2021



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# Nutrition Coordination in Refugee settings



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# Figures at a glance

#### **82.4 million** FORCIBLY DISPLACED PEOPLE WORLDWIDE

at the end of 2020 as a result of persecution, conflict, violence, human rights violations and events seriously disturbing public order.



# Background

- The IASC Cluster Approach coordinates the international humanitarian response in non-refugee humanitarian emergencies
- International law and practice addresses refugee and internal displacement emergencies differently.
- Refugee protection and assistance linked to finding durable solutions beyond humanitarian assistance
- **Refugees** are not citizens of the country of asylum and therefore have **specific protection needs**
- The outflow of refugees across international borders creates an emergency situation which requires a coordinated response of its own
- UNHCR is mandated to ensure or provide protection and deliver assistance



### What is the Refugee Coordination Model (RCM)?

A **framework** for **leading** and **coordination in refugee operations** that:

- Is applicable to **all refugee situations** and throughout the duration of a refugee response
- **Reaffirms** the integrity of **UNHCR's mandate**, accountability, and leadership
- Outlines roles and responsibilities in refugee settings and mixed situations
- RCM supports international protection through advocacy, and provision of basic services that meet global humanitarian standards.
- Offers an inclusive platform for planning and coordinating refugee operations



# **Coordination in Refugee Settings- engagement with partners**

- UNHCR coordinates and involves partners in calling for or leading needs assessments, contingency planning, information management and response planning.
- Sectors can be coordinated by partners under the leadership of UNHCR. Co-leadership recommended where possible using refugee tools/guidance
- UNHCR provides partners with a fundraising platform through the Inter-Agency Refugee Response Plans (RRP)

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#### **Coordination at refugee public Health -nutrition sector level**

- UNHCR engages with both operational and implementing partners in the implementation of the refugee response. **Regular coordination** to allow information sharing/address arising issues
- **MoU/LoU with UN** agencies (WFP/UNICEF/WHO); MoUs with operating partners and **Partner Agreements** with CBO/LNGOs/INGOs. (UNICEF example)
- Public health and nutrition program monitoring done against **joint plan of actions and agreement RBM.**
- Public health and nutrition data reporting uses the irHIS.
- At global level, **collaboration with the GNC in place** (addressing helpdesk queries, WGs; capacity collaboration, advocacy for refugee hosting communities).



## **Refugee specific tools and guidelines - Nutrition**

#### UNHCR Emergency Handbook

- Public health and nutrition emergency tool kit (response and accountability framework, updates, RRP health & nutrition, strategy, TORs for the various working groups)
- Technical Instruction Note Nutritional Screening among New Arrival Refugees
- <u>Guidelines for selective feeding: The management of malnutrition in emergencies</u>
- Infant and Young Child feeding in refugee situations: A multisectoral framework for action
- Infant and young child feeding practices Standard Operating Procedures for the Handling of Breastmilk Substitutes (BMS) in Refugee Situations for children 0-23 months
- <u>UNHCR Standardized Expanded Nutrition Survey (SENS) Guidelines for refugee populations</u>
- Integrated Refugee Health Information system
- Balance score card
- UNHCR Guidance on Donations of Medicine, medical supplies, food and BMS

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# Coordination in mixed, refugee and IDP, settings, where the **HPC is activated**

In contexts where refugees and IDPs are mixed, and there is an HRP:

- The Joint UNHCR-OCHA Note on Mixed Situations: Coordination in Practice applies.
- Interface between the RCM and the Cluster Approach used, with refugee operations forming an integral part of the humanitarian response.
- Where IDPs and refugees are in separate locations, clusters and sectors respectively will continue to
  provide assistance to the respective population groups, with close exchange of information at the capital
  level.
- Where IDPs and refugees reside in **same locations**, **HC and ERC can decide to use UNHCR sectors or IASC Cluster Approach capacities**. The respective UNHCR and OCHA accountabilities remain the same.





### Coordination in mixed, refugee and IDP, settings, where the **HPC is activated: Ethiopia example**

- The Government and UNHCR are responsible for the coordination of the refugee response in Ethiopia. In this context the Cluster Approach mechanism and the Government/UNHCR coordination mechanism are separated
- The annual HRP reflects an excerpt from the Ethiopia Country Refugee Response Plan
- The refugee coordination approach is **based on the RCM**, and reporting uses the RCM model
- There are active sector WGs for each of the main sectoral areas. Nutrition is fused with Health to
  form the Health and Nutrition Sector; but also addressed under Food Security in the RRP. While Cluster
  and nutrition partners are engaged separately it is possible to have one agency working in both
  contexts

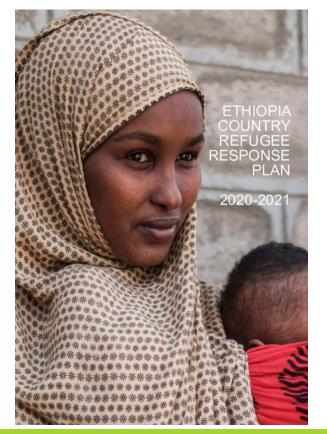
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# Coordination in mixed, refugee and IDP, settings, where the **HPC is activated example**







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### Challenges

- Developed refugee specific tools and guidance not used when UNHCR does not coordinate or provide oversight to responses leading to lack of a consistent and harmonized approach and data.
- Lack of involvement of UNHCR from the beginning of an emergency often resulting in

systems that do not always serve refugee best interests in the medium to long term;

Coordination and partnership challenges which delay timely responses instead of leveraging on comparative advantages;

Short term emergency response when there is funding/visibility available whilst support to refugees' key until a durable solution is found

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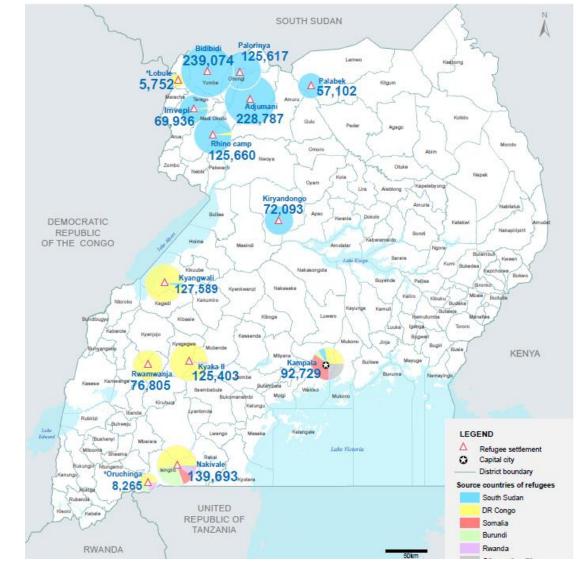
## Country Example: Uganda



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## Uganda Refugee Response - overview

- 1,494,505 refugees and asylum-seekers
- 62% South Sudan, 29% DRC, 3% Burundi, 3% Somalia, 3% Other
- 13 refugee settlements, urban refugee spaces (towns, cities).
- OPM and UNHCR take lead in coordination of the Uganda Refugee Response
- Close support from Gov line ministries, WFP, UNICEF, UNFPA, FAO, WHO, DLGs, Partners (IPs, OPs), and the Private Sector



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#### Nutrition Coordination in Refugee Settings in Uganda

- The refugee coordination approach in Uganda is based on the RCM informed by the Uganda Refugee Response Plan (RRP) and Regional Refugee Response Plans.
- Uganda implements the Refugee Response Plan for the three situations (SSD, DRC, BRU) as a transition plan towards sustainable refugee response in Uganda
- Gov ministries take co-leadership in sectoral coordination, sector RRPs developed and operationalized. Sector RRPs provide for inclusion of refugees in national and district planning e.g., HIRRP inclusion of refugee into district planning for vaccines, RUTF, DHIS2 etc.
- Delivery of refugee nutrition services is coordinated through the refugee Health and Nutrition sectoral coordination
- RCM feeds into the national Nutrition Technical Working Group (NTWG) led by MoH, and the Nutrition Multi-sectoral Collaboration (SUN Secretariat, Nutrition Governance) led by OPM, both which collectively drive the national nutrition agenda for Uganda.

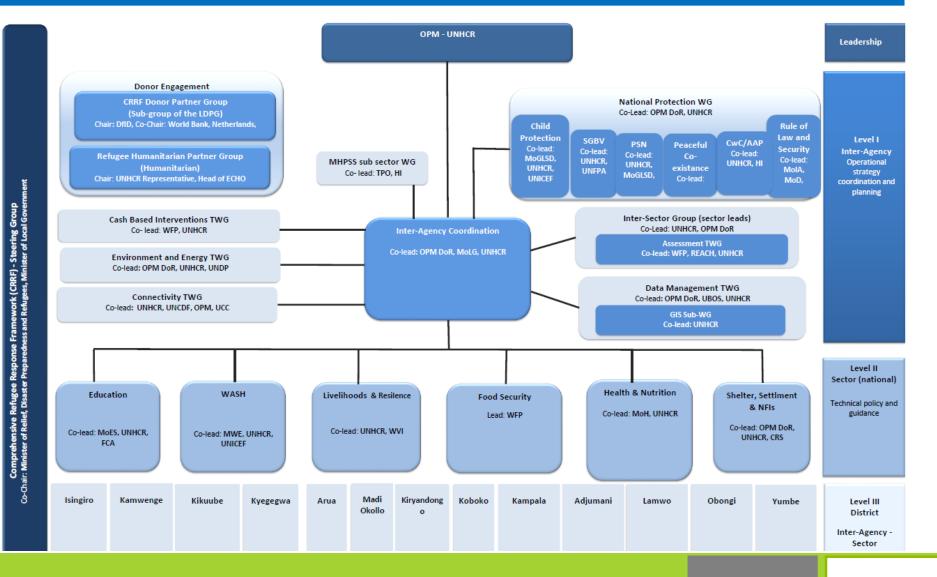
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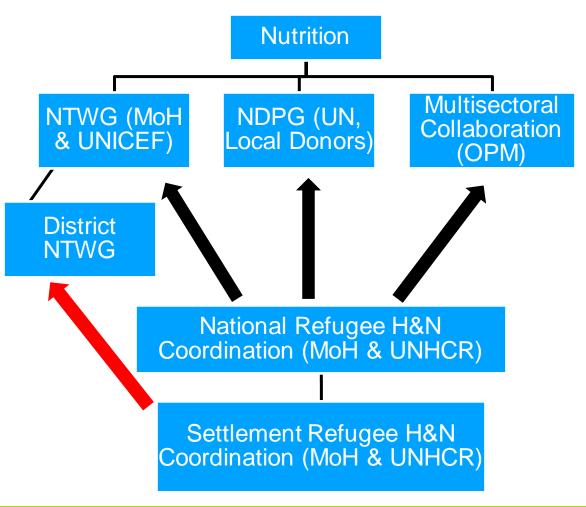
#### Uganda Refugee Response Coordination Structure







## Nutrition Coordination in Refugee Settings in Uganda



- NTWG sub-pillars: NiE, IMAM, MIYCAN, NCDs, Anemia, Child Health Days, M&E
  - Delivery of policy, guidelines, SOPs, strategies
  - Advocacy for refugee affairs on the national nutrition agenda
- Joint planning, technical support, resource pooling, M&E
- Division of Labor, common space (UNHCR, WFP, UNICEF), LoUs, comparative advantage

#### Challenges

 Gaps in Gov funding for nutrition (largely donor-funded) – spillover to coordination, commodity pipeline, HR

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## Country Example: Cox`s Bazar

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## Cox's Bazar Rohingya response

#### **Population statistics:**

- 880,000 Rohingya refugees in Cox Bazar refugee camps and
- 18,000 in Banshanchar island

Total number of camps: 34 located in Ukhiya and Teknaf

**Nutrition situation:** GAM prevalence 11.3% and SAM of 1.0%(2020 SMART survey)

#### **Overall Coordination:**

ISCG lead response since 2017

Thematic sectors led by different UN agencies and co –chaired by NGO'S (Protection, Health, Nutrition, Food Security and Livelihood, WASH, Site Management and Energy, and Environment.

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#### Implementation and field coordination arrangements



UNICEF and WFP (OTP, TSFP/BSFP and IYCF) WC/M, Care, CWW, SHED, SARPV

UNHCR and WFP (global MoU) (OTP) SC, OTP,TSFP,BSFP and IYCF ACF, SCI and SARPV

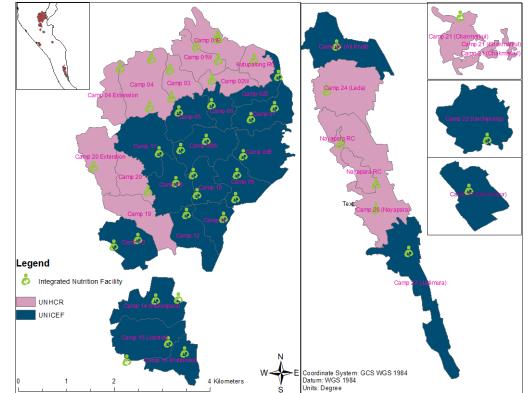
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## **Rohingya Refugee Response Nutrition** Sector Coordination Mechanism

- UNICEF in Cox's Bazar chairs the nutrition sector's coordination unit.
- Coverage of Nutrition services divided between UNHCR and UNICEF managed camps (14 –UNHCR and 20 UNICEF and WFP supports all the camps.
- 6 Implementing partners ( 4 INGO and 2 National NGO's).
- Global and local agreements between UN agencies and implementing partners.









# The sector's coordination platforms and Information management

- The SAG
- TWG: CMAM, IYCF, AIM
- NS meetings
- Consultative meetings with UN programme partners
- GNC-lead TWG
- The nutrition sector's coordination unit
- Information and data sharing (4W dashboard)







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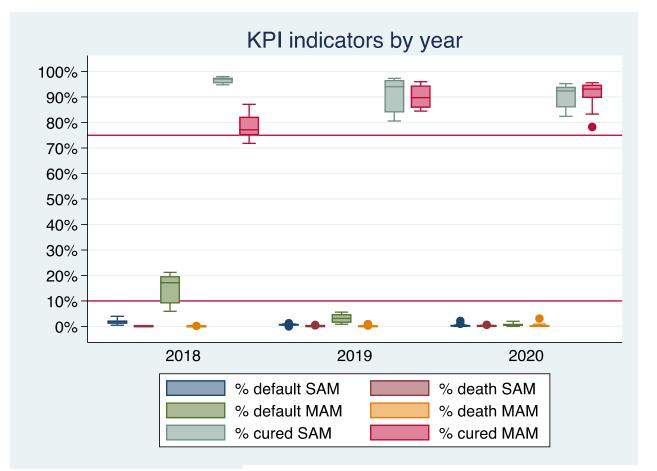
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#### Impact of Nutrition Coordination on Nutrition Services

- Coordination has been shown to positively impact the outcome of nutrition services for SAM
- Conversely, less impact seen on MAM
- Productive coordination and cooperation ensure high quality nutrition services in the camps and host communities.
- All UN agencies and IP evenly fulfill the right of beneficiaries to nutrition.





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#### **Coordination observations- Cox's Bazar context**

- Nutrition sector's coordination role under the ISCG, with the commitment of all UN agencies and IPs, ensures provision of high-quality harmonized nutrition services
- Global and local agreements between UN agencies and IPs supported by the relevant HNO, JRP and HPC synchronize efforts of all humanitarians
- The nutrition sector's coordination system maintains generating and exchanging of evidence for monitoring of the rights of Rohingya and Bangladeshi people to adequate nutrition
- The presence of comprehensive nutrition services in all camps is a direct and joint contribution of all UN agencies and partners

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## Conclusion/Next Steps



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### **Conclusion – Next steps**

- The RCM partnership and inclusivity principles allows other partners co-leadership but to consider UNHCR oversight and involvement from the beginning to ensure refugee best interests and to leverage the various partners' comparative advantages.
- **Refugee tools/guidance** use for assessment, planning and response to ensure refugee specific programming
- Support to refugee continues until a durable solution is found.
- **Sharing of guidance** across coordination mechanisms, regardless of whether refugee or non-refugee settings to contribute to better capacity building efforts.
- Stronger **collaboration** across contexts, at national, regional and global levels



## Questions?



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# Thank you

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