









A LEARNING AND SHARING CAFÉ: IYCF PROGRAMMING IN THE CONTEXT OF COVID-19

UN CAFÉ D'APPRENTISSAGE ET DE PARTAGE: PROGRAMMATION D'ANJE-U DANS LE CONTEXT DE COVID-19

UN CAFÉ PARA APRENDER Y COMPARTIR : PROGRAMAR ANJE-U EN EL CONTEXTO DEL COVID-19

ندوة التعلم والمشاركة: برامج تغذية الرضع والصغار في سياق انتشار كورونا

Tuesday 27th October 2020 (2-3:30pm, Geneva time)











Supporting donors













Note: This webinar is made possible by the generous support of all of our donors, however, the contents are the responsibility of the Tech RRT and the individual presenters and do not necessarily reflect the views of these donors.

Webinar Objectives

- 1. Create a platform where countries can share their experiences in adapting IYCF programmes in emergency contexts and in the context of COVID-19.
- 2. Reflect on how global guidance have helped and have been used in inspiring and guiding these adaptations.
- 3. Encourage others to submit ideas for a next world café.



Learning and sharing café' organizers















Note: This series of webinars and café' was conceptualized, planned and organized under the umbrella of the Infant Feeding in Emergencies Core Group (IFE Core), the chair of the committee is Save the Children, with great support from IFE CG Coordinator, UNICEF, WFP, USAID Advancing Nutrition and the Tech RRT

Webinar Agenda

- 1. Objectives and introductions
- 2. IYCF-E response in Syria during COVID-19
- IYCF programming during COVID-19 in Sierra Leone
- 4. IYCF-E interventions in Lebanon
- 5. Interactive game/quiz
- 6. Questions & Answers
- 7. Evaluation, recommendations and closing



Today's Presenters



Deborah Joy Wilson Maternal, Infant and Young Child Nutrition Specialist WFP HQ



IYCF advisor, Tech RRT

Brooke Bauer



Laila Madwar Health and Nutrition Officer **UNICEF** Qamishli Field Office



Bayan Ahmad Senior Field Officer - South & Nabatieh International Orthodox Christian Charities (IOCC)



Kristie Smith Health and Nutrition Head of Department Action Against Hunger (AAH)



Nutrition Specialist Young Children Diets UNICEF NY HQ

Aashima Garg





Mohamed AU Sesay Deputy Director Community Action for the Welfare of Children (CAWeC)



Senior Advisor, Nutrition & SBCC **USAID** Advancing Nutrition

Webinar Objectives

- 1. Create a platform where countries can share their experiences in adapting IYCF programmes in emergency contexts and in the context of COVID-19.
- 2. Reflect on how global guidance have helped and have been used in inspiring and guiding these adaptations.
- 3. Encourage others to submit ideas for a next world café.





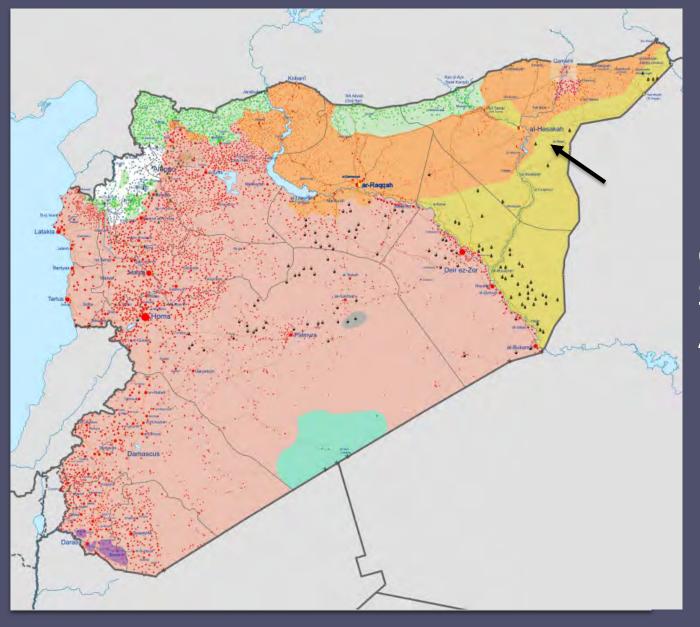
Laila Madwar

Qamishli field office - UNICEF

Syria

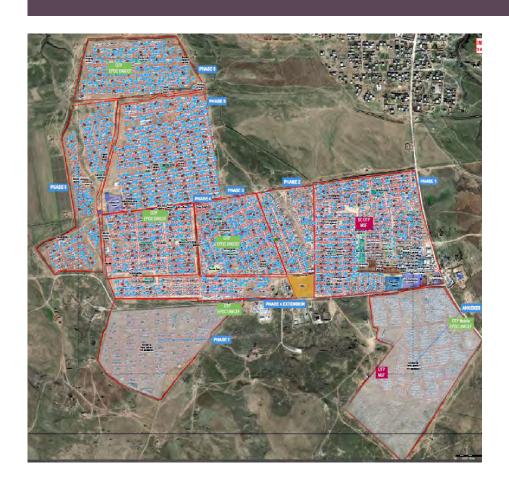
Oct 2020

AL Hole Camp: Establishing re-lactation following separation of mother and child



Background of emergency: Syria Map Al-Hole camp

Background of emergency



- ✓ Syria/Al-Hole camp
- ✓ Type of emergency: humanitarian conflict, displacement.
- ✓ No. people affected: Al-Hole camp is a home to 64,723 people.
- Separation of Mother and Child: There is restriction of movement of mothers outside the camp.

Pre-emergency available data

- UNICEF and Save the Children rapid IYCF-E assessment:
 - Initiation rates within 1 hour
 - 34%
 - Never initiated breastfeeding
 - 12%
 - Exclusive breastfeeding
 - 65%
 - Not breastfeeding
 - 0%
 - Infant formula dependent infants
 - 8%

Pre-COVID/emergency Programming

- Group counselling on breastfeeding and complementary feeding.
- Individual counselling; however, it wasn't very technical, leaning more towards key messages.



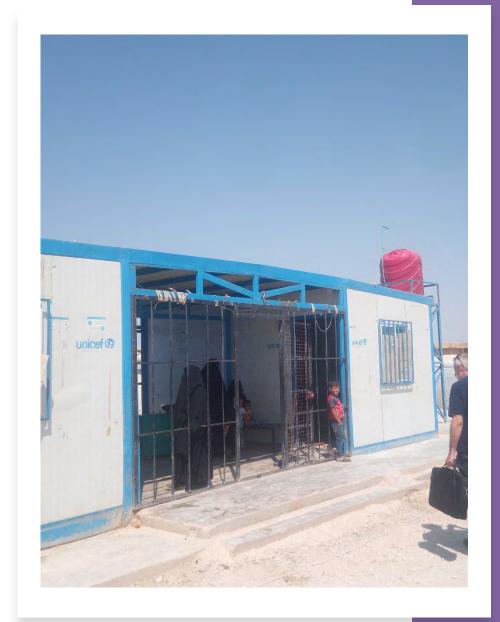
The disruptions brought by emergency to the IYCF-E programme

- Sudden displacement.
- Lack of information: lack of preparedness plan.
- High GAM.
- High mortality rate for children under 5.
- Donation of infant formula; part of assistance. Pushback on re-lactation
- Psychological status of mothers.
- Security situation; separation between mothers and children.



Programme adaptations

- IYCF-E operational guidance: as baseline for our intervention, contextualization through the sector.
- Capacity building activities: counsellors inside the camp, referral pathway.
- Integrating child protection and IYCF-E services: referral pathway, identification of cases.



Programme adaptations

During separation of mother and child

- Context & reasons of separation: children's referral outside the camp for health related reasons, lack of secondary health services inside the camp, restricted movement outside the camp.
- UNICEF counsellors are notified.
- BF mother is counselled on expressing milk to avoid discomfort.

After reunification of mother and child

- Child is reunited with mothers.
- UNICEF counsellors are notified & tent visit.
- Upon mother's consent, re-lactation commences:
 - Tube feeding attached to mother's breast (full re-lactation needed).
 - Assistance in position, psychosocial support (partial re-lactation needed).
- On Average, the process took 14 days-34 days.
- Majority of children were under 6 months old.

Programme adaptations

- IYCF simplified measures under the context of COVID-19.
- Group counselling sessions Vs individual counselling
- Criteria for individual counselling (use of cup feeding, tube feeding integration with breastfeeding...etc).



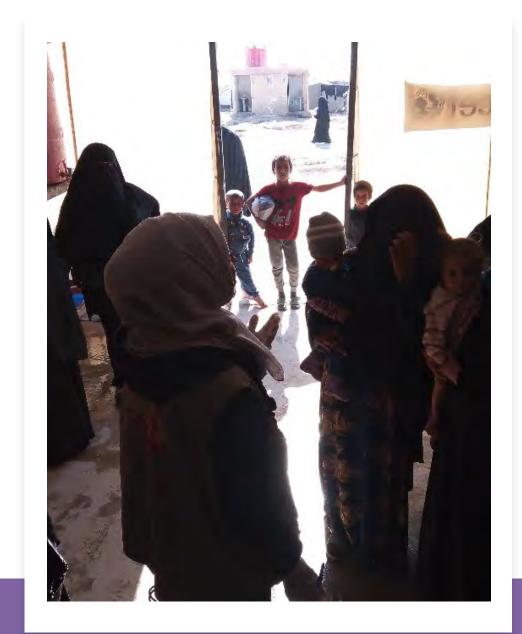
Challenges

- Inflation of population.
- Lack of preparedness.
- Push to use Breastmilk substitutes
- Cultural and religious context.
- WASH-related issues.



Enablers during adaptation

- Strong C4D element in IYCF programs.
- Inter-sectoral approach.





What is working well?

- Community leaders as advocacy tool.
- Mother support groups.



Lessons Learned

- The top 3 lessons learned:
 - 1. Re-lactation can be established successfully with appropriate IYCF counselling support to the mother.
 - 2. Close coordination with health & child protection sectors.
 - 3. Closed camps need a comprehensive intervention.
 - 4. The importance of C4D element in IYCF.
- The top 2 ideas on how the intervention you supported will be continued and could be adapted by other partners in countries and other countries
 - 1. Advocacy for application of international code of BMS marketing and donations.
 - 2. Integration of child protection and nutrition activities.



Thank You

IYCF Programming during COVID-19 in Sierra Leone

Kristie Smith

Action Against Hunger

Mohamed AU Sesay

CAWeC

October 27, 2020









Humanitarian Context

- Sierra Leone is recovering from conflict, disease outbreaks and environmental shocks
 - Decade long civil war ending in 2002
 - 70,000 causalities
 - 2.6 million people displaced
 - The Ebola Virus epidemic in 2014
 - 3,955 causalities
 - Major toll on the economy, food security, and use of basic social services
 - Mudslide in 2017
 - 1,145 casualties
 - Flooding in 2019
 - Substantial destruction of roads and infrastructure
 - 5,000 people lost shelter
- Substantial economic growth in recent years but post-conflict attributes still felt
 - High youth unemployment
 - Corruption
 - Weak governance
 - Poor infrastructure
 - Fragile health system
 - High rates of food insecurity
- Index COVID-19 case in March 2020

ICYF practice prior to the onset of COVID-19

Key Statistics	
Percentage of children ever breastfed:	98.7%
Within 1 hour of birth:	54.5%
Within 1 day of birth:	92.6%
Exclusive breastfeeding 0-5 months:	52.2%
Continued breastfeeding at 1 year:	85%
Continued breastfeeding at 2 years:	38.3%
Minimum Dietary Diversity 6-23 months:	24.2%
Minimum Meal Frequency:	42.7%
Minimum Acceptable Diet:	10.2%
Percentage of Children 0-23 months who were fed with a bottle with a nipple:	17.8%



Sierra Leone Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 2017

Programming Prior to COVID-19

 PROSSAN: Health Systems and Services Strengthening Program



- Three year program reaching over 170,000 beneficiaries
- Engage community structures on IYCF and care practices
 - Training and support to 320 mother support groups and 22 father support groups
- Lead mothers and fathers counsel on IYCF and care practices
 - Individual counseling
 - Regular MSG/FSG meetings
 - Education and awareness raising activities with broader stakeholders





COVID-19 Disruptions to the Program

- Individual counseling sessions stopped
 - Both lead mothers and community members feared transmission
- Mother and father support group meetings suspended
 - AAH suspended community engagement activities
 - Group members feared transmission
- Education and awareness raising sessions for community members stopped
 - Limit on group gatherings during COVID-19
- Confusion over COVID-19 precautionary measures

Program Adaptations

- Conducted a rapid behavior assessment in communities
 - Assessed COVID-19 perceptions and trusted sources of information
 - Used data to inform program adaptations
- Adapted USAID pictorial IYCF counseling cards to the Sierra Leone context
 - Trained lead mothers to counsel using new cards
- Trained Lead Mothers and Fathers to be peer educators
 - Continue individual counseling on IYCF and care practices
 - Encourage health seeking behaviors





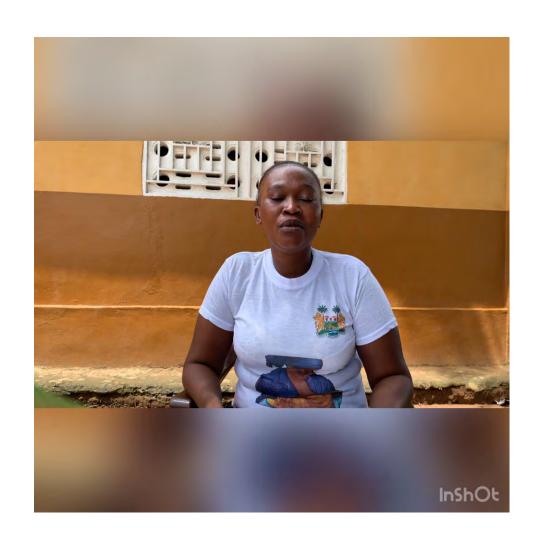
Program Adaptations

- Community Q&A sessions
 - Key stakeholders and community members encouraged to attend
 - Discuss perceptions, myths, and current preventative recommendations
 - Sessions led by Social Mobilization Officers from the District Health Management Teams (DHMT)
- Mass media campaigns on IYFC and care practices
 - Developed & aired informative jingles
 - Held panel discussions on radio with DHMT representatives
 - Used Public Address (PA) system for community sensitization





Testimonial from the community

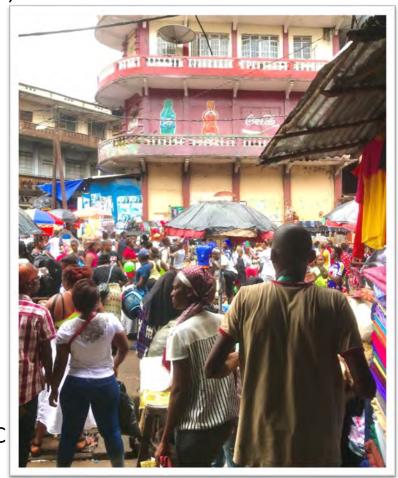


Challenges

Evolving COVID-19 messages from many sources,

often contradictory

- Confusion and mistrust of information
- High levels of misinformation circulating
- General mistrust of the health care system
 - Initial drop in health seeking behaviors
- Reduction in adherence to precautionary measures over time
 - Difficult to observe social distancing
- Limited testing, low case load and perceived politicization of the pandemic
 - People do not believe the virus is real
 - People do not follow precautionary measures
- Difficult for community members to procure IPC materials (facemasks; hand hygiene)
 - Challenge for lead mothers and fathers



Enablers during adaptation

- COVID-19 adapted IYCF counselling cards
 - Key in educating caregivers
- Lead mothers and fathers conducting individual counselling
 - Trusted voices in their communities
- AAH and CAWeC field staff provide technical support and coaching for lead mothers and fathers
 - Monitoring and supervision ensures quality
- Community sensitization using multiple mediums
 - Important during the absence of usual programming
 - Consistent messaging reaching many people
 - Opportunity for community engagement on IYCF
- Community Q&A sessions engages stakeholders
 - Opportunity to address individual perceptions
- Government support at national & district level
 - Directorate of Food and Nutrition adapted national IYCF protocols and messaging for COVID-19
 - DHMT Social Mobilization and Nutrition Unit led community Q&A sessions and radio panel discussions



What is working well?

- Training lead mothers and fathers on IYCF during COVID-19
 - Background knowledge on IYCF and care practices
 - Motivated to be part of the response
- Individual counselling in the community
 - Keeps MSG/FSG members engaged
 - Peer education increases willingness to practice precautionary measures
- Turn out at health facilities is improving
 - ANC days and growth monitoring visits
- Radio panel discussions are reaching a wide audience
 - Listeners call in with questions
 - Radio is a trusted source of information
- Community Q&A sessions are addressing misinformation surrounding IYCF and COVID-19
 - Improved understanding of the pandemic



Perspectives from a Lead Mother



This Lead Mother was initially trained with Action Against Hunger in 2014. She received training on IYCF during COVID-19 and now does individual counseling in her community. She has direct experience with the pandemic as her daughter tested positive for COVID-19 and her family was quarantined in their home.

Thank You Tenki







IYCF-E Interventions in Lebanon





International Orthodox Christian Charities (IOCC), Lebanon Bayan Ahmad, Senior Field Officer Oct 27th, 2020



Current Situation in Lebanon



- 879,598 Registered Syrian Refugees dispersed across Lebanon
- 57,246 COVID cases since Feb 21st 2020
- Lebanon's economy in crisis
- More than 200 fatalities and 6,500 injuries from Beirut explosion



Beirut Port Explosion – August 4th, 2020



Map of Lebanon



IYCF practices in Lebanon: Pre-COVID



Exclusive breastfeeding rate for infants less than 6 months: 14.8% (MICS, 2009)



More than 72% of children do not breastfeed anymore after their first year of age (MICS, 2009)

Only 41.6% of infants introduced to complementary foods at 6 months (MICS, 2009)



Less than 2% of Syrian refugee children in Lebanon from 6 to 23 months consume a diet that is appropriate for their age (frequency, quantity, and diversity) (VASyR, 2017)



Nutrition Situation - during COVID



Mothers using infant formula and other products not optimal to feed their infants

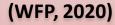
(IOCC, 2020)

Reduction of meals and the consumption of meat, dairy, fresh vegetables, and fruits (IOCC, 2020)

45% of PLWs need support, including nutrition and breastfeeding counseling (UNFPA, 2020)

50% of Lebanese, 63% of Palestinians and 75% of Syrians felt worried they would not have enough food to eat over the past month (WFP, Sep 2020)

11% of the Syrian refugees going a whole day and night without eating and 21% skipping meals











- Provision of IYCF counseling sessions and support to 10,000 Pregnant and Lactating Women all over Lebanon
- Raising awareness on IYCF to reach 9,000 caregivers across Lebanon and referral of mothers in need to the Lactation specialists
- Monitor and support the hospitals enrolled in the Baby Friendly Hospital Initiative Program (BFHI)
- Development of a complementary feeding material and building the capacity of the healthcare providers working in nurseries on the developed material
- Adaptation and contextualization of IYCF counseling cards with COVID-19







Challenges brought by the Emergencies



Adjusting modalities to ensure appropriate IPC measures are being followed **Need to procure PPEs and print IEC materials on COVID-19** Inability to conduct group sessions for a big number of beneficiaries Need to obtain approvals for awareness sessions and home visits Additional trainings on IPC and COVID-19 for the staff were needed The random distribution of BMS and the fact that this assistance is considered as a

Separating mothers with COVID-19 from their newborns

benefit (challenge brought by the blast and the economic crisis)



Challenges and Program Adaptation



Challenges brought by COVID-19	Adaptation
Inability to conduct group sessions for a big number of beneficiaries	Increase in the frequency of awareness sessions due to the reduction of the # of attendees/group => Increased workload on staff Mobilization of volunteers to support in the awareness raising and coordination with municipalities
Additional trainings on IPC and COVID-19 for the staff were needed	All IOCC staff received necessary trainings on COVID-19 and IPC guidelines Procurement of PPEs to protect staff working on field and reduce the risk of contracting COVID-19
Adjusting modalities to ensure appropriate IPC measures are being followed Need to obtain approvals for awareness sessions and home visits	 Use of alternative modalities to deliver key messages (open areas with social distancing, remote work over the phone, social media, Zoom and Whatsapp, reduction of number of attendees) Development and printing of IEC materials to be distributed in supermarkets, shops
	توصیات تغذیة الرشع وصغار اللطفال عند اعتمال أو تأثید الإنصابة باومید-۱۹ التر، اعتمارسات الموسی بها التری اعتمارسات الموسی بها



Pre and Post COVID pictures





Group session - Before



Group session - After



IYCF Counseling - Before



IYCF Counseling - After



Challenges and Program Adaptation - Continued



Challenges brought by the blast and the economic crisis

Adaptation

- Random distribution of BMS and the fact that this assistance is considered as a benefit
- Solicitation of donations
- Liked by nataliesallaum and 95 others
- Identification of formula milk providers to build their capacity on IYCF and inform them of the national and international guidelines on IYCF-E
- Contribution in the development of an infographic and the IYCF SOP to guide and inform agencies on how to ensure appropriate, timely, and safe IYCF-E support.
- Set up the national IYCF hotline: to report on the BMS violations and refer mothers in need to the lactation specialists.



STANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURES FOR INFANT AND YOUNG
CHILD FEEDING IN EMERGENCY IN LEBANON¹

Version 1 - September 7, 2020

CONTEXT

Protecting and supporting breastfeeding in normal situations and particularly in emergencies is key, as breastfeeding protects against the increased risks of illness among infants, ensures safe and optimal nutrition for the baby and provides a comforting environment for both the mother and baby. Exclusive breastfeeding of infants during the first six months, with no introduction of other food or drinks, not even water, is the recommended nutrition, as it meets the nutritional requirements of the infant and provides valuable protection from disease and infection. After 6 months, the infants' requirements increase beyond what is provided by breast milk alone, and therefore infants should receive complementary foods in addition to breastfeeding up to two years and beyond.

Infant and young child feeding practices in Lebanon fall short of recommendations with only 14.7% of infants less 6 months exclusively breastfed² and not more than 13% of infants 6-23 months meeting the minimum acceptable diet³ for complementary feeding. Despite the presence of a National Infant and Young Child Feeding Policy² and a national law (Law 47/2008)³ that legislates the International Code of Marketing of Breast milk Substitutes and subsequent resolutions (the Code). Beld reports are still showing



Challenges and Program Adaptation - Continued



Challenges brought by the blast and the economic crisis

Adaptation

- Random distribution of BMS and the fact that this assistance is considered as a benefit
- Solicitation of donations
- Liked by nataliesallaum and 95 others
- Identification of formula milk providers to build their capacity on IYCF and inform them of the national and international guidelines on IYCF-E
- Contribution in the development of an infographic and the IYCF SOP to guide and inform agencies on how to ensure appropriate, timely, and safe IYCF-E support.
- Set up the national IYCF hotline: to report on the BMS violations and refer mothers in need to the lactation specialists.



STANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURES FOR INFANT AND YOUNG
CHILD FEEDING IN EMERGENCY IN LEBANON¹

Version 1 - September 7, 2020

CONTEXT

Protecting and supporting breastfeeding in normal situations and particularly in emergencies is key, as breastfeeding protects against the increased risks of illness among infants, ensures safe and optimal nutrition for the baby and provides a comforting environment for both the mother and baby. Exclusive breastfeeding of infants during the first six months, with no introduction of other food or drinks, not even water, is the recommended nutrition, as it meets the nutritional requirements of the infant and provides valuable protection from disease and infection. After 6 months, the infants' requirements increase beyond what is provided by breast milk alone, and therefore infants should receive complementary foods in addition to breastfeeding up to two years and beyond.

Infant and young child feeding practices in Lebanon fall short of recommendations with only 14.7% of infants less 6 months exclusively breastfed² and not more than 13% of infants 6-23 months meeting the minimum acceptable diet³ for complementary feeding. Despite the presence of a National Infant and Young Child Feeding Policy² and a national law (Law 47/2008)³ that legislates the International Code of Marketing of Breast milk Substitutes and subsequent resolutions (the Code). Beld reports are still showing







Since the start of the pandemic (on Feb 21st) till mid October 2020:

- The lactation specialists were able to reach 9,000 women and provided them with the needed IYCF counseling and support
- The CHEs were able to reach 15,900 caregivers and provided them with education on IYCF and COVID-19















Enablers during adaptation

Active involvement in the HWGs, Nutrition platform and national IYCF committee Management support by implementing appropriate actions and interventions to promote, support and protect IYCF Quality of services/ Staff commitment and dedication Strong relationship with stakeholders (municipalities, community influencers...) Trust from the community/Long history and presence at community level People already had phones and there was internet connection



Way Forward!



Continuation of community based IYCF activities

Advocacy with stakeholders to engage them in the awareness raising

Advocacy so that the Law 47/2008 and the code are taken into consideration in all responses during and after COVID

Collaboration
with authorities
to obtain
approvals for
awareness
sessions and
home visits...



Republic of Lebanon Parliament

Law No. 47 of 11/12/2008 Official Gazette No. 55 of 13/12/2008

Organizing the Marketing of Infant and Young Child Feeding Products and Tools



Way Forward!



Continuation of community based IYCF activities

Advocacy with stakeholders to engage them in the awareness raising

Advocacy so that the Law 47/2008 and the code are taken into consideration in all responses during and after COVID

Collaboration
with authorities
to obtain
approvals for
awareness
sessions and
home visits...



Republic of Lebanon Parliament

Law No. 47 of 11/12/2008 Official Gazette No. 55 of 13/12/2008

Organizing the Marketing of Infant and Young Child Feeding Products and Tools

THANK YOU AND STAY SAFE!





الأمهات المرضعات وفيروس كورونا المستجد

> إذا كنت بتعانى من عوارض حادّة من فيروس كورونا المستجدّ أو من مضاعفات تانية بتمنعك من رعاية طفلك أوارضاعه مباشرة من الثدي، اسحبي حليب الثدي لتغذى طَفلك بأمان.











يونيسف® لكل طفـل



Quiz



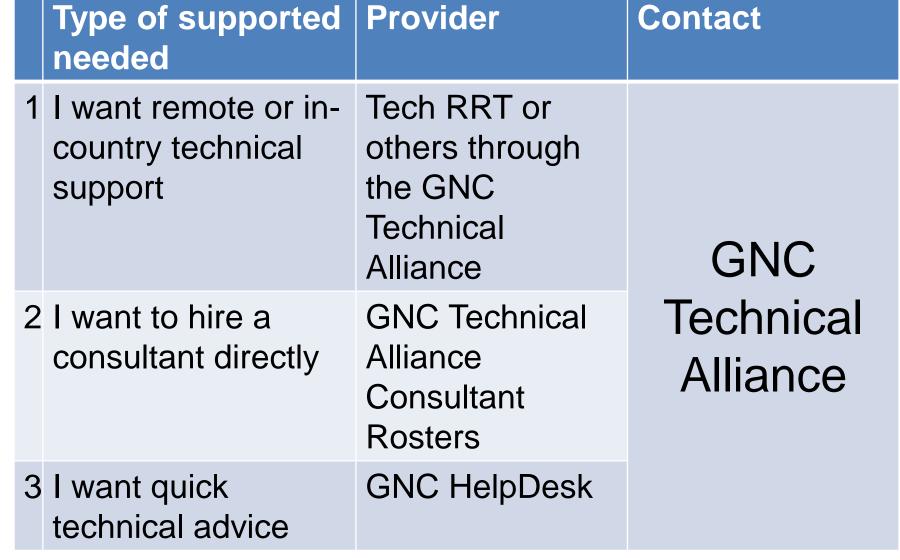


Q&A





How can I get support?





In all cases please go to:

https://gtam.nutritioncluster.net/

and click "Request Support"

Thank you!

Please fill out the webinar evaluation (it will direct you when you close the webinar), it will take less than 5 minutes

For more information contact:

techrrt@InternationalMedicalCorps.org

And we will point you in the right direction (e.g. towards other presenters)

Website: TechRRT.org

Twitter: @TechRRT

